Points of Interest on Walk:

The town was home to the McCowan's toffee factory, established in 1922, who made both traditional toffee and also the Wham Bar.

There are two churches in the village. Near the centre of the village is Larbert East Church with its imposing tower. To the east of the village centre on the aptly named Church Street is the Stenhouse and Carron Church. This is smaller but more architecturally unique, and was designed in 1897 by the firm of John James Burnet.





Scottish Natural Heritage Dualchas Nàdair na h-Alba



Walk with Braveheart. Stenhousemuir, Larbert.



For more information regarding any of our walks, please contact Braveheart on 01324 673703.

Or visit: www.braveheart.uk.net

Falkirk Community Hospital Majors Loan Falkirk FK1 5QE

The Braveheart Association is a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation. Charity No. SCO 34617.



For inspiration go to snh.gov.uk/simplepleasures
Search for 'scottish natural heritage' on Facebook.



Wildlife:

Instead of industry, the Carron Dams, a route on the walk, now supports a wide variety of rare plants and wildlife such as fen habitat, wetland plants and breeding birds. On various routes throughout Stenhousemuir you may also spot roe deer, and robins in the trees.





Walk Information:

Distance:

1.5 to 3 miles.

Grade:

Easy.



Risks:

Slight ascents and descents.

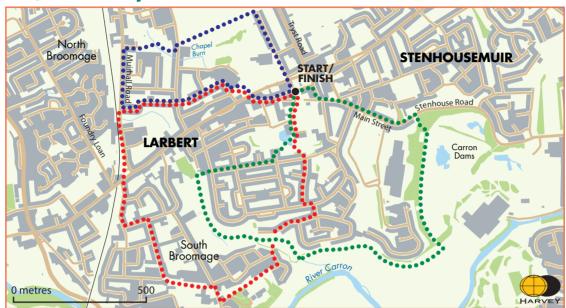
Facilities:

Toilets are located in Asda supermarket. Benches are located on various routes on this walk.

All routes have both a 1 hour or 30 minute walk option.

Short health and scenic walks in Falkirk

Stenhousemuir map 1



Map design © HARVEY 2015 www.harveymaps.co.uk Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown Copyright and database right 2015.

Stenhousemuir map 2



Map design @ HARVEY 2015 www.harveymaps.co.uk Contains Ordnance Survey data @ Crown Copyright and database right 2015.

Local Knowledge & History:

The "stone house" from which the village took its name was a Roman building on the north of the Carron River Valley known in later centuries as Arthur's O'on, or King Arthur's oven. This

building fits the description of the "rotunda tabulata" described by Wace in his Roman de Brut

of 1155, which may by
mistranslation have given rise to
the legend of the round table. It is
no longer to be seen, having been
demolished to rebuild a dam on
the River Carron by Sir Michael
Bruce of Stenhouse in 1743.
The stones were swept away in
a flood soon after.

Detailed drawings of the stone house had been made the 1720s and a replica was made in 1763. This survives to this day as a dovecote on the stable block roof of Penicuik House, Midlothian. The site of the original building now forms a garden for a modern house on the housing estate.